## Dawson College Mathematics Department Final Examination 201-NYB-05 CALCULUS II

Tuesday, December 10, 2013 Time: 9:30 – 12:30

Student Nam	e:	
Student I.D.	#:	
Teacher:		
Instructors:	K. Ameur, M Chaubey, A. Hariton	

## Instructions

- Print your name and student ID number in the space provided above.
- Attempt all questions.
- All questions are to be answered directly on the examination paper.
- Translation and regular dictionaries are permitted.
- Small, noiseless, NON-PROGRAMMABLE calculators without text storage or graphics capability are permitted.
- This examination consists of 11 questions.
- Please ensure that you have a complete examination before starting

Question	Marks		
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8	_		
9			
10			
11			
Total /100			

This exam must be returned intact.

1. [5] Evaluate the following indefinite integrals

a. 
$$\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}dx$$

b. [5] 
$$\frac{dx}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}$$

c. [5] 
$$\tan^3(4)\sec^3(4)$$

d. [5] 
$$\int \frac{dx}{x \sqrt{x} - }$$

e. [5] 
$$\frac{\sin^3(2x)}{\cos^4(2x)}dx$$

f. [5] 
$$\int \frac{x+1}{(x-1)(x^2+1)} dx$$

2. [5] Find the area of the region bounded by the curves  $y = x^4$  and y = 8x

3. [10

4. [5] Find the arch length of the curve given by:

$$x - y - y$$

5. [5] Find the average value of

$$= \qquad \text{on the interval } \, {}^{0}_{k}, \frac{!}{2} \, {}^{\#}_{\%}$$

6. [5

7. Determine whether each improper integral converges or diverges. If it converges, find its vale.

a. [4] 
$$\int_{2}^{3} \frac{dx}{(x-2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

8. [8] Find the sum of the series  $\int_{h=0}^{!} \frac{3^{n-1}}{4^{n-1}} - \sqrt[n]{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{x^{n}}{3},$ 

9. Determine whether each series converges absolutely, converges conditionally, or diverges. State any tests used to reach your conclusions

c. [4] 
$$\sum_{0}^{\infty} (-1) \left( \frac{5^{2}}{7^{2}} \frac{7}{10} \right)$$

d. [4] 
$$\#_{0}^{!}(-1)^{-1}\frac{5}{(-1)!}$$

e. [4] 
$$\frac{\sqrt{n}}{5n^3}$$
 n

10. [4] Find the Maclaurin series representation of

=

+

[4] Find the radius and interval of convergence of the power series. Test for the end points also.

